## Dougherty Valley HS Chemistry Stoichiometry – Mole Ratio Practice

## Name:

Worksheet #3

Period:

Seat#:

•	<ul> <li>Show work for ANY math problem.</li> <li>Include ALL units.</li> <li>Use a SINGLE DIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS line method set ups for ALL conversions.</li> </ul>						
1)	Write and balance the equation for the combustion of ethane ( $C_2H_6$ )						
2)	What is the mole ratio of O <sub>2</sub> to CO <sub>2</sub> ?	3) What is the mo H <sub>2</sub> O?	le ratio	o of CO <sub>2</sub> to	4)	What is the mole ratio of $C_2H_6$ to $H_2O$ ?	
5)	How many moles of $C_2H_6$ are used u	ıp when 3.27 moles	of H <sub>2</sub>	O are produced	d?		
6)	How many moles of CO <sub>2</sub> are produc	ed when 6.45 mole	s of O	₂ are used?			
7)	<b>7)</b> Write and balance the equation for the reaction of aluminum chloride and lithium sulfate.						
8)	What is the mole ratio of aluminum of aluminum sulfate?	chloride to	<b>9)</b> V s	Vhat is the mole ulfate	e ra	tio of aluminum chloride to lithium	
<b>10)</b> How many moles of aluminum sulfate are produced in a complete reaction of 0.478 moles of lithium sulfate?							

11) How many moles of lithium sulfate are used up when 1.84 moles of lithium chloride react?

<b>12)</b> Write and balance: aluminum metal and hydrogen chloride reacting to form aluminum chloride and hydrogen gas.
<b>13)</b> How many moles of aluminum metal are needed to produce 2.75 moles of aluminum chloride?
14) How many GRAMS of hydrogen chloride are needed to react with 5 moles of aluminum? Pathway: moles A → moles B → grams B (mole ratio) (molar mass of B)
15) How many GRAMS of hydrogen gas are produced from 3.65 moles of hydrogen chloride? Pathway: moles A → moles B → grams B (mole ratio) (molar mass of B)
16) How many GRAMS of aluminum chloride can you make from 25.5 grams of aluminum metal? Pathway: grams A → moles A → moles B → grams B (molar mass A) (mole ratio) (molar mass B)
17) How many MOLECULES of hydrogen chloride are needed to make 17 grams of hydrogen gas? Pathway: grams A → moles A → moles B → molecules B (molar mass A) (mole ratio) (Avo. #)